Attachment 4

**Educational Materials** 

# After you pick, check for ticks!

American Dog Tick

Lone Star Tick

Blacklegged Tick



Photo Credits: Tick images - CDC/ Jim Gathany Mushroom image - IDNR

# **Tick Safety Tips**

- 1. Wear an EPA-approved bug repellent such as DEET, picaridin, or IR3535.
- 2. Treat clothing with products containing permethrin and allow clothes to dry for 24 hours before wearing.
- 3. Tuck socks and pants into boots. Wear light colored clothing so ticks can be easily seen.
- 4. Remove clothing and place in a hot dryer for 15 minutes after coming indoors.
- 5. Shower to remove any loose ticks and check your body for attached ticks.
- 6. Remove ticks with tweezers. Pull up with a steady pressure, don't squeeze.
- 7. Contact your doctor if you experience any of the following symptoms: fever, rash, body aches, headache, or chills.

CI 19-520 (IC)



# got lyme?

# Illinois does.



Division of Environmental Health Questions: 217-782-5830 dph.illinois.gov

## **Common Illinois Ticks**

### **Preventing Tick Bites**

### Ticks can be found in forests, tall grasses, and leaf litter.

- Wear light colored clothing and tuck pants into socks.
- Use an EPA-registered insect repellent and follow label instructions.
- Treat outdoor clothing and gear with permethrin.
- Walk in the center of trails. Avoid brushing against tall grass.
- Perform daily tick checks on yourself, children, and pets.

× ×	Blacklegged Tick (Ixodes scapularis) Lyme Disease, Anaplasmosis, Babesiosis, Ehrlichiosis, <i>Borrelia miyomotoi</i> Disease and Powassan Virus
×	Lone Star Tick (Amblyomma americanum) Ehrlichiosis, Heartland Virus, Bourbon Virus and Tularemia
***	<b>Gulf Coast Tick</b> (Amblyomma maculatum) Rickettsia parkeri Rickettsiosis
新香	American Dog Tick (Dermacentor variabilis) Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever and Tularemia



Division of Environmental Health 217-783-5830 • dph.illinois.gov

Printed by Authority of the State of Illinois • P.O.#5521002 100M 12/20

## Don't Get Sick, Check for Ticks!

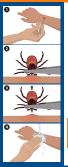
### After you come indoors:

- Check your clothing for ticks.
- Wash and dry clothes on high heat to kill ticks.
- Examine gear and pets.
- Shower within 2 hours to wash ticks off your body.



Check your body for ticks.

### How To Remove a Tick



- Grasp attached tick with tweezers as close to the skin as possible.
- Pull up on the tick with steady pressure. Do not squeeze or twist.
- Wash your hands and the bite area with soap and water.
- Dispose of tick by sticking it to a piece of tape and placing in the trash or flushing the tick down the toilet.

Stay Up-To-Date on Illinois Tick Data https://arcg.is/15fDSO



Watch for signs and symptoms of tickborne disease. See your doctor if you develop a rash, fever, or other flu-like symptoms within 30 days after a tick bite.