HIV: An Overview

HIV can enter the body through blood, semen, vaginal fluid or breast milk. It is most often spread through sex or sharing needles with a person who is living with HIV and is not virally suppressed

HIV is **not** spread through touching, kissing, or sharing household items (toilets, cups, silverware, etc.)

Human
immunodeficiency virus,
or HIV, is a virus
that attacks the body's
immune system



Although anyone can get HIV, it does not affect all communities equally.

Populations that are most affected by HIV include:



- Gay, bisexual, and other men who have sex with men
- People who inject drugs
- Black and Hispanic communities
- Youth (aged 13-24 years)

HIV is preventable and treatable

People who are HIV-negative can:

- Get tested for HIV regularly
- Use condoms during sex
- Use clean needles and other equipment when injecting drugs
- Use PEP (Post-Exposure Prophylaxis): a medicine that reduces the chance of getting HIV after an exposure
- Use PrEP (Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis): a medicine taken once daily to help prevent HIV before exposure



People who are
HIV-positive can live
long and healthy lives if
they take HIV medicine.



People who take their medicine consistently can achieve an undetectable viral load. Having an undetectable viral load means that HIV is untransmittable (or cannot be passed) to others through sex.

If you have questions about HIV or would like to find out more about HIV prevention and treatment services near you, please contact the **Illinois** HIV/STD Hotline (Call: 1-800-243-2437; Text: 1-872-243-1004).

Calls and texts are confidential and free of charge.